The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5. 1908. NO. 21

LOCAL NEWS.

It pays to advertise in the Item.

Mapleton was well represented at the G. A. R. picnic at Shade Gap last Saturday.

All of the Italian laborers employed on the sewer construction in Huntingdon went on a strike at noon last Thursday for higher wages.

The city hospital at Lock Haven, containing 30 patients, was destroyed by fire on the afternoon of July 28th. The loss is estimated at $45,000.

The fourteenth annual reunion will be held at the old Stone church at Manor Hill on Thursday, August 27. Prominent speakers will be present.

A. W. Wright's cider works in Trough Creek valley will be ready to operate on Wednesday, August 12th, and each Wednesday thereafter until further notice.

By the score of 19 to 4 our ball team met defeat at Newton Hamilton last Saturday. Two games will be played with Newton Hamilton at the picnic at Riverside park next Saturday and our boys will try and win one of them.

Teams yesterday finished hauling the pipe from Mapleton for use in the oil line running south of Mapleton, and the workmen will move their camp from the vicinity of Latta Grove to Marklesburg. The work is progressing rapidly.

Miss Florence Oswalt gave a picnic party last Thursday at Riverside Park in honor of her guests, Miss Ross and Miss Crane, of Altoona. There were twenty-one persons present and all enjoyed the outing in the grove on the bank of the historic Blue Juniata.

Committees have begun work on arranging for a reunion of the Patriotic Order Sons of America of Bedford county at Saxton on Labor Day, September 7. There are upwards of 1,000 members of the order in Bedford county, and the indications are that there will be a large representation at this reunion.

Fifteen people from Newton Hamilton came up to Mapleton Sunday to attend the union services at Riverside park in the evening. Among the number were Ira H. Wilson, of the *Herald*, wife and two daughters, who were guests of W. F. Gillam's family, and merchant John B. Smelker, wife and child, who were guests of L. F. Baker's family.

A Kansas printer, in making up the forms one day, says an exchange, got a marriage notice and a grocer's notice mixed, so it read as follows: John Smith and Ida Quay were united in the holy bonds of sauerkraut, which will be sold by the quart or barrel. Mr. Smith is an esteemed codfish at 10 cents, while the bride has nice pig's feet to display.

In the crusade against the illegal selling of liquor in this county, especially around the county seat, another arrest has been made. George W. Fry, of Logan township, has been taken in hands by the local constables on information made before Justice of the Peace Kelly and has given $500 bail for his appearance at court to answer the charge of selling liquor to minors.

Miss Myrtle MacLeod gave her Sunday school class and some of their friends an outing at the Utts place south of town last Thursday. Those present were Rev. and Mrs. MacLeod, Misses Myrtle MacLeod, Maggie Skipper, Maud Duffy, Reba Wharton, Alda Corbin, Emma Corbin, Vesta Wagner, Pearl MacLeod, Ruby MacLeod, Violet MacLeod and Master John Corbin, Ralph Corbin and Harry Baker.

Beginning with August 1st., all Pennsylvania railroad pensioners will carry annual passes. The popular bits of cardboard entitle the pensioner and his wife to ride over the division on which they worked without the necessity of making an application for a trip pass. The men benefited are the trackmen, shopmen, yardmen and switchmen. The pensioners have the privilege of naming the division over which they desire the pass to be made good.

The Odd Fellows of Huntingdon county have been invited to the annual outing of their Blair county brethren, to be held at Lloydsville, Wednesday, August 19. An elaborate program has been prepared for the day and some of the popular sports will be pulled off. The feature will be a baseball game between a team from Altoona lodges and one from the Tyrone lodges. Other sports will be foot races for men, women, boys and girls. Handsome prizes will be awarded the winners.

News of the Churches.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. H. Ake, pastor—Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Union services next Sunday evening at Riverside Park beginning at 6:30, sermon by Rev. Edwin A. Snook.

Sunday School at 9.30, Frank Wallet Supterintendent, class meeting immediately after on Sunday morning, led by Lloyd Baker leader.

We hope to see the Methodist Episcopal Sunday school largely represented at the union picnic next Saturday at Riverside.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. Edwin A. Snook, pastor—Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Sabbath school at 9.30 a. m. next Sabbath.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. T. H. MacLeod, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. M. F. Robley, leader.

Sunday services: Sunday school at 9.30 and class meeting at 10.30 a. m., Christian Endeavor at 3 p. m. until the union services are discontinued.

Union service in Riverside Park at 6.30 p. m. weather permitting; otherwise in U. B. church. Sermon by Rev. E. A. Snook.

Assyrian Peddlers Robbed near Alexandria.

Abram Nassar and brother, two peddlers of Altoona, were held up and robbed by Italians at whose home between Petersburg and Alexandria they were stopping Saturday night, July 25th. Both peddlers were beaten and a large amount of their goods taken.

Constables James McFeely and James Spangler and Railroad Officer Shaffer, of Altoona, searched for the robbers and during Monday night the three officers slept in an Italian shanty, Constable Spangler being curled on a thin board, while Constable McFeely sought repose on one of the Italian beds. Officer Shaffer spent the night on the top of a table. Although they kept watch all night for the men under suspicion, they were unable to capture them and they returned to Altoona empty handed,

A Week Later.

The annual picnic of the Sherman Sunday school of Smith valley will be held in Posten's grove, Saturday, August 15, 1908, instead of August 8th. as previously announced. All those interested will please note the change of date and be governed accordingly.

Marriage Licenses.

Vinton Zimmerman, and Mary E. Davis, both of Altoona.

Charles W. Lock, Shade Gap, and Edna R. Madden, Meadow Gap.

Elmer A. Reed, and Zada McElwee, both of Mt. Union.

Photographic post cards of Mapleton scenery in large variety for sale at the Item office. View of Mapleton cemetery, during Memorial services, May 30, 1908, is included in the display. We have other post cards in great profusion at popular prices.

$5.00 will buy 100 lbs Granulated Sugar at Huston's at Saltillo if $7.00 worth of goods are bought at the same time, flour, feed and fertilizer excepted.

Summer complaints and other serious ailments common in hot weather can be traced to the stomach in nine times out of ten. Keep the stomach in good order right now by keeping a bottle of Kodol handy in the house all the time, but especially during this month. Take Kodol whenever you feel you need it. That is the only time you need to take Kodol. Just when you need it; then you will not be troubled with sour stomach, belching, gas on the stomach, bloating, dyspepsia and indigestion. Sold by G. W. Wright.

When railroad-trains first smoked across the plains, the Indians used to shoot at them. More recently a farmer here and there has taken the old shotgun down from the hook to welcome the inconsiderate motor-car. There was a little excuse for the Indian and for the farmer whose chickens lay dead in the road; but it is hard to see what led a man to shoot at a balloon, and narrowly miss sending the balloonist to death. The judge made an example of the offender on the ground that aerial navigation is becoming more common, and that news of the sentence will spread abroad and protect aeronauts, who do no one any harm, and run risks enough without additional danger from rifle-shots.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Miss Edith Dell is visiting among friends in Altoona.

—Loy and Robert McCarl spent Sunday with their parents here.

—Miss Ruby MacLeod, of Grant street, is visiting friends at Latta Grove.

—Edward Brown and wife visited friends at Mill Creek last Sunday.

—Mrs. L. L. Parker and children, spent Sunday with friends at Mill Creek.

—Sheriff Stewart, of Huntingdon, was a Mapleton visitor Sunday afternoon.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Wood spent last Wednesday with friends at Harrisburg.

—Miss Mary Ege, of Pittsburgh, visited her friend, Miss Flora Dell, last Saturday.

—Mrs. L. E. Dell, of Latta Grove, spent Sunday night with Geo. L. Smith's family.

—L. E. Himes, of Baddock, has been spending several days with his wife in this place.

—Harry G. Wakefield of McConnellstown, was among the Sunday visitors to Mapleton.

—Miss Mary Livingston, of Altoona, is the guest of the Misses Claudia and Rachel Speer.

—Mrs. Elliot Robley, of Altoona, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thoma Grady last Wednesday.

—Israel Shapiro and family, of Orbisonia, spent Sunday in Mapleton a guests of Myer Shapiro.

—Miss Annie Shore has retuned to Trough Creek valley after spending a week at her home here.

—Mrs. F. C. Vaughan, of Hunntiglon, spent Sunday with her friend, Mrs. Alda Hohman, on Main street.

—W. S. McCarl and wife, of Juniata, spent several hours Sunday afternoon with friends in Mapleton.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Banks, of Altoona, were guests last week of the latter's parents, H. H. Swope and wife.

—Mrs. Samuel Hardy, of Tyrone, visited the families of William and Mose Hardy in this place last Wednesday.

—Mr. ane Mrs. Harry Crosby, of Tyrone, are guests of Mrs. C. P. Speer and daughters at their summer home on Railroad street.

—Miss Elda Shore, who had been spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Quarry at Hollidaysburg, has returned home.

—Misses Edith and Lillian Ripple, of Mount Union, were guests over Sunday at the home of Mrs. Clara Barkley on Railroad street.

—Harry Turnbaugh, of the Williamson Trade school, is spending his vacation with his mother in Mapleton and friends in Trough Creek valley.

—Miss Rebecca Forgy, of Philadelphia, and Miss Mary Forgy, of McVeytown, were visitors at the home of Rev. MacLeod on Friday of last week.

—Mrs. J. Monroe Querry and two children, of Hollidaysburg, arrived in town Sunday evening and will visit some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Shore.

—Mrs. Clarence Hall and two little daughters, Virginia and Alice, of Huntingdon, were guests Sunday afternoon of her aunts, Mrs. J. B. Dell and Miss Alice Wright.

—Miss Mary J. Miller visited the family of Albert H. Stever at Huntingdon last Saturday. She informs us that the condition of Mr. Stever's sister, Mrs. Lightner, is improving.

—Prof. M. B. Wright, who has been spending a few weeks with his mother in Cass township, Sunday went to Altoona. This week he and Jesse Irvin will start on a trip to Niagara Falls and Canada.

—Mrs. Rev. MacLead and daughter Violet visited at Latta Grove last Saturday and Sunday. While there Mrs. MacLeod addressed a meeting in the interest of the Womans Missionary Association

—Mrs. Henrietta Dahlam, of Pittsburgh, is the guest of John A. Toomey and wife on Ridge street. Accompanied by Miss Nannie Henderson, Mrs. Dahlam spent Saturday with friends at Mount Union.

—Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Pheasant, of Trough Creek, attended the G. A. R. picnic at Shade Gap last Saturday, going overland by way of Three Springs and re-urning Monday morning by way of Mapleton.

—Mr. and Mrs. Miles Quarrry, of Cass township, Mrs. A. T. Coder, Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Baker and son, Blair, were among the people from this vicinity who were present at the Methodist reunion at Lakemont last Thursday.

All Home Print.

For the first time in its history the ITEM this week casts off the co-operative sheet and the entire paper is printed at home. This was made necessary by the great demands being made upon our advertising columns by live merchants, and while the move on our part is experimental, it will be continued as long as the business justifies it. The ITEM goes into the homes of the best families in Huntingdon county and judicious advertisers find the use of its columns a profitable investment. Those engaged in public trade who have not tried its value as an advertising medium would find the returns from the use of its columns very renumerative. It is but due to our advertisers to say that they are worthy people who merit patronage and we shall esteem it a favor for our readers to continue to consult the advertising columns of the ITEM as an index for the best places to make purchases. Read every page of the ITEM; you will find local information on each.

Some Local History.

Next week the ITEM will begin the publication of a series of articles from the pen of Mr. J. G. Hicks entitled "Looking Backward." These articles will deal principally with the industrial history of this section during the past fifty years, and will be supplemented by some facts of political history.

With the same issue we will also begin the publication of a series of articles from the pen of Prof. John M. Drake on Hare's valley during the past fifty years. Those who desire copies of these articles for preservation should at once enroll as subscribers to the ITEM.

—Miss Letty J. Steel, of Huntingdon, is a guest at Maple Shade this week.

—Mrs. H. H. Swope visited her sister-in-law Mrs. L. S. Swope at Orbisonia yesterday and to-day.

—William Walker, treasurer of the Harbison-Walker Refractories company, spent a short time in Mapleton Monday evening.

—Mrs. B. Frank Godard, of Huntingdon, was a visitor at the home of her father, A. W. Swope, Esq., and wife, yesterday afternoon.

—Mrs. Nellie Meek, son and daughter, of Harrisburg, were guests of Rev. S. D. Wilson's family at Rest cottage Monday night and Tuesday.

—Mrs. Amy Hoenstine and son, of Hutingdon, returned home yesterday from a week's visit to her sister, Mrs. Jennie Smith, of Smith valley.

—A Loy Rex and John Seilhamer are attending a birthday party at the home of S.P. Smith in Big valley to-day, this being Mrs. Smith's birthday.

—Samuel C. Harvey will leave Mapleton today for California to visit his daughter Mrs. Henry Shingler. He expects to be absent about three months.

—Mr and Mrs. Jacob Goodman, of Altoona and Miss Lottie Miller, of Huntingdon, were guests during the week at the hole of Mrs. Narcissa Goodman on Main street.

—Mrs M. L. Rex is seriously ill at her home on Main street. Miss Anna Miller of Smith valley, is looking after the domestic duties of the household during Mrs. Rex's illness.

—Mrs Jane Kyle and Miss Margaret Green are confined to their Sheridan street homes, both being seriously ill. Mrs. Kyle being an aged lady little hope is entertained of her recovery.

—Mr. Alfred Long, while visiting his aunt, Mrs Eliza McConahy, of Hill valley, last Thursday, bought a fine young Alderney cow, and is now ready to supply a few more customers with good rich milk.

—Miss Ella Green, of McAlevy's Fort, is the guest of her brother, Thomas Green and wife in the west end. Harry Green has returned to his home at McAlevy's Fort after spending several days with his brother Thomas.

—Earl Lightner, son of Mrs. Grace Lightner, formerly of Salida, Colorado, was a visitor to friends in Mapleton last Thursday. With his mother, he recently arrived at Huntingdon and the two will remain for an indefinite time with the family of A. H. Stever.

UNION PICNIC

To be Held at Riverside Park Saturday, August 8th.

The committees appointed by the several Sunday schools of Mapleton to arrange for a union picnic met last Wednesday evening at the United Brethren church and organized by electing George W. Wright general chairman and Jesse E. Corbin secretary.

It was decided that a union basket picnic be held at Riverside Park, Saturday, August 8th and to extend an invitation to all the Sunday schools in the three charges of which Mapleton is a part, and to all the Sunday schools and people in the surrounding country.

The Mapleton band was invited to furnish music for the occasion, in exchange for which they are to have the privilege of selling ice cream and refreshments on the ground. This insures plenty of good music during the day.

The matter of speaking rests with the ministers of the churches.

Ball games have been arranged by the Mapleton team as follows: With the Newton Hamilton team at 12.30 and with the same team at 3.30 o'clock. The ball grounds in the forenoon will be reserved for the use of picked nines or those in attendance at the picnic.

The Sunday schools will meet in their respective churches at 10 o'clock and a procession will be formed promptly at that hour, headed by the Mapleton band and march to the ground.

Baskets may be left at the churches not later than 10 o'clock and those so left will be taken to the park by conveyances provided for the purpose.

This is the first union picnic arranged for in this community for several years and all who can should join in making it a day of great pleasure and sociability.

Lawn Dinner.

Last Saturday evening Mrs. Prudence A. Rex, of the Clairndon, served a dinner for her parents, brothers and sisters on the lawn of the home of her father J. P. Wilson. The culinary department of the Clairndon was called into requisition and this is sufficient evidence that the dinner was a sumptuous affair. Those who dined were Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wilson, Mrs. P. W. Rex, Ira Fay Rex and Mr. Jos. S. Wilson, of Mapleton, Miss M. Elizabeth Wilson, of Greensburg, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. F. Harold Stevenson, of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Wilson, of Conemaugh, Pa., Ada Wilson McManigal, of Altoona, and Thelma McManigal, of Mapleton.

After the tables had been cleared the Mapleton band furnished a delightful serenade after which refreshments were served to the members. The lawn was brilliantly illuminated for the occasion by many Japanese lanterns. It was a pleasant family reunion, the only shadow being that Martin, of Pittsburg, and Mrs. John A. Brumbaugh, of Wilkinsburg, could not be present to participate in the festivities.

Johnson—Foust.

A. P. W. Johnson and Miss Elizabeth L. Foust, a sister of James Foust, state food commissioner, were married at Altoona Saturday by the Rev. H. H. Stiles. Immediately after the ceremony they left for Cape May and other nearby coast resorts where they will spend their honeymoon. Mr. Johnson is chief draughtsman in the assistant engineer's office of the middle division. As a railroad man he is widely known. His bride for a number of years has been employed as a teacher in the Altoona schools, the last year holding the position as general supply teacher in the high school. Mr. Johnson and his bride are well known throughout this county and their many friends wish them a happy and prosperous journey on the matrimonial sea.

Postal Clerk Stricken.

William Blake, a Huntingdon and Broad Top postal clerk, had a slight stroke of paralysis on Monday while on duty. Blake had been at the Huntingdon postoffice shortly after 7 o'clock for a sack of mail and on going throngh the union depot Train Caller and Usher Burley noticed that the man appeared sick.

Blake complained about a pain over the left eye and said that he could not see out of that eye. Burley helped him across the tracks and into the mail car. A doctor was telephoned for and a physician responded and after giving the clerk all the medical aid possible he was sent home on the train upon which he was going to work. His home is at Hopewell.

FARMAN FLIES LIKE A BIRD

Frenchman Makes Initial Flight at Brighton Beach.

OVATION FROM ONLOOKERS

New Independence Party Nominates Its First Ticket—W. K. Vanderbilt's Stepson Killed In Auto Accident. Patients Saved As Hospital Burns. Governor Fort Has a Broken Rib. Cleveland's Estate Worth $250,000. Marriage, Birth and Baptism All at Once—John Mitchell's New Duties.

Rising from the ground like a giant bird and darting through the air at express train speed, Henry Farman's aeroplane, the interesting heavier-than-air flying machine he brought over here from France to demonstrate his ability to fly, made its initial flight in this country at Brighton Beach, L. I. It rose from an especially prepared runway at the will of the inventor, and after attaining a height of twenty-five feet flew straight ahead on a direct line, finally alighting with exquisite grace when the noted air pilot diminished the motor power.

During the brief space of time in which the aeroplane was skimming over the centrefield of the race track the few hundred spectators, most of whom were friends of the inventor or rival navigators, watched the flight with breathless interest. The instant the trim-looking machine landed cheers rent the air—cheers far more enthusiastic and vociferous than those of a race track crowd. Farman was surrounded and literally hugged by the jubilant aeronauts. Members of the Aero Club of America, under whose auspices Farman will conduct his public flights at Brighton, wanted to carry the successful inventor off the field on their shoulders.

When the people present had been waved back he gave the order "Let go!" and away sped the aeroplane over the plank roadway. It ran swiftly along on its wheels for 240 yards, and then Farman turned a lever, which sent it into the air like magic and away it flew. The propeller made a whirring noise as it turned 800 times to the minute. Only 350 yards were covered in the air on this flight, but a few minutes later Farman made another try and travelled 760 yards in the air. He could have gone much further, he said, but feared striking a pile of lumber.

Taft Told of Nomination.

William H. Taft was Tuesday formally notified, on the spacious lawn of his brother, Charles P. Taft, at Cincinnati, O., of his nomination for president of the United States by a special committee appointed by the Republican national convention. The exercises attending the notification was on a magnificent scale. A holiday had been declared, and the city is decorated and illuminated as never before. Many excursion trains unloaded thousands upon thousands of people at their stations, and almost every Republican politician of any standing in Ohio is here, and many of national reputation.

The notification ceremonies took place on the lawn, which was covered with an immense platform. The reception committee of citizens escorted the notification committee to the Taft home. Judge Taft was then escorted to the platform, and United States Senator William Warner, of Missouri, delivered his speech notifying Mr. Taft of his nomination for the presidency.

When Judge Taft arose to deliver his speech of acceptance he was greeted with tumultuous applause. He outlined the party's policies and sounded the keynote of the campaign. He praised the administration and policies of President Roosevelt and rebuked the Democratic stand on Philippine independence. He promised steps toward tariff reform immediately after his inauguration, if elected, and believes in an income tax by statutory law if necessary for revenue only, rather than by amendment to the constitution. On the labor question, he said the rights of both organized and unorganized labor should be impartially upheld, and favors notice and a hearing before injunctions are issued.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Stepson Killed.

In one of the most terrible automobile accidents in many years in France, G. Winthrop Sands, a stepson of W. K. Vanderbilt, was killed just outside the grounds of Mr. Vanderbilt's beautiful country seat, the Chateau St. Louis de Poissy, twenty miles from Paris.

Mr. Sands was driving his fifty-horse-power car along at a terrible clip, in a desire to reach the chateau, where Mrs. Sands and her infant daughter are staying. He had always been known as a reckless driver, and as he had been delayed at railroad crossings, he opened the throttle wide as he approached the chateau grounds.

Almost immediately a tire brst and the machine crashed into a tree, turning turtle and burying Mr. Sands under the forward part and pinning the chauffeur, Pickins, to the grand. An explosion followed, and in a moment the car was in flames. The chauffeur was not seriously injured.

Marriage and Baptism All at Once.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schipman, at New Brunswick, N. J., all in one afternoon, there were two births, a marriage and a baptism. Rev. W. W. Knox, the pastor of the First Presbyterian chrch, performed the wedding ceremony for Mr. Schipman's brother-in-law, Percy Hunter, and Miss Bertha Elizabth Malaisner. He was also called upon to baptize two babies just born to Mr. and Mrs. Schipman, which he did after performing the wedding cermony.

Stricken Blind Chasing a Hog.

Rising Sun, Md., Aug. 3 — While chasing a cross hog on the farm of William Steel, near Port Deposit, John Davis, of Northeast, was stricken blind. A co-worker, George Ash, was bitten by the hog in the right knee, almost severing the cap.

People who are crippled in the head have a hard time and little sympathy.

Valuable Premiums
ABSOLUTELY FREE!

Begining August 5th and until further notice, we will give absolutely **FREE** with all CASH purchases amounting to

$50.00 OR OVER

A beautifully finished, well made

Rocking Chair worth $4.00

On all purchases of $35.00 we will give free your choice of either of the following articles.

Beautiful Parlor Stand worth $3.00

Large Parlor Lamp worth $2.50

On All Purchases of $75.00

we will give as a premium a Kerosene Gas Lamp worth $5.00.

Everything in our large department store, comprising Clothing, Furniture, Feed, Groceries, etc., has been wonderfully reduced. Come in and we will name you prices that cannot be met by other merchants. We buy cheap because we buy in large quantities.

SHAPIRO BROS. MAPLETON, Pennsylvania.

BOY SHOOTS SISTER DEAD

While Playing With a Shotgun Fourteen-Year-Old Lad Kills Girl.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 3—While playing with a shotgun at the home of his parents in Rensselaer, opposite Albany, Cornelius Burdick, fourteen years of age, accidentally shot and killed his sister Helen, aged nineteen years. The young woman was sitting on a chair near the kitchen window, with her baby brother in her lap, at the time she was shot. The baby narrowly escaped being killed.

It appears that the boy got the weapon from a closet in the kitchen. After examining it he suddenly pulled the trigger. The contents struck his sister in the neck, completely severing the jugular vein. In an adjoining room were the parents of the children, a brother and two sisters. The baby was covered with blood when Mr. and Mrs. Burdick reached the kitchen, but was uninjured.

Fatally Stricken While Bathing.

Sea Bright, N. J., Aug. 3.—Sam E. Moffitt, an editorial writen on Collier's Weekly, was stricken with apoplexy while bathing in the ocean and died just after he had been brought ashore by his brother-in-law, A. V. W. Tallmann, of New York. Mr. Moffitt was forty-eight years old and was a nephew of Samuel Clemens (Mark Twain).

Patients Saved As Hospital Burns.

Forty patients, many of whom were helpless, were imperiled when the new $42,000 hospital at Lock Haven, Pa., was destroyed by fire. For a time the rescuers ran a close race with the flames. Working in halls filled with smoke, white-clad nurses and volunteers hastened from one room to another, moving sufferers from the building as they lay in their cots, or pushing them to the fresh aid in wheel chairs.

Harrisburg Pastor a College President.

Dr. John H. Harms, pastor of Tabernacle church, of Harrisburg, Pa., was elected president of Newberry college, Newberry, S. C., to succeed President James A. B. Scherer, who resigned to accept the presidency of Throop institute, at Pasadena, Cal.

Fatally Stabbed Through Hole In Wall.

A man cut a hole through the wall of the room in which Leon Wilmz lay sleeping at Hammond, Ind., and, shoving a dagger through the aperture, fatally stabbed Wilmz in the face and ear, and afterward escaped. The cause of the attack is unknown.

Nothing Doing.

"Let's go out and paint the town."

"Can't."

"Why not?"

"It is a prohibition town, and the best we could do would be to whitewash it."

HAZERS TO BE REINSTATED

President Decides Punishment of Cadets Was Too Severe.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 3.—President Roosevelt and Secretary of War Luke E. Wright have decided that the eight cadets who recently were dismissed from the United States Military academy at West Point for hazing, shall be reinstated and that their punishment shall be administered according to the disciplinary method of the academy.

Secretary Wright, as he was leaving Oyster Bay, said that while the report of the superintendent of the military academy recommending the dismissal of the guilty cadets had been passed upon and approved by the president, he, as secretary of war, had not promulgated the order.

Neafie Ship Plant Sold.

Acting under a peremptory order of court the receiver of the Neafie & Levy Ship & Engine Building Co. offered the plant for sale in the rooms of Samuel T. Freeman & Co., Philadelphia. After a few minutes of listless bidding the plant was knocked down to Frank D. Summers, attorney for a bank of Camden, N. J., for the low price of $50,000. The purchaser under the conditions of the sale assumes a mortgage of $277,444 and a small yearly ground rental.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

GRANGE FIELD DAYS.

Some Hints on Speechmaking at Grange Picnics.

[Special Correspondence.]

We have very emphatic notions about the value of grange picnics and field days, just now at hand. Perhaps we should say "some grange picnics," because these occasions are just what we make them, and they are not all alike. Primarily they were intended to be social gatherings, but a little of the intellectual may well go with the social.

It is customary to have speeches on these field day occasions, but our notion is that it is decidedly better to have two or three short, spicy, interesting "talks" than to have one long, tedious "speech," however able and interesting it may be. There can be "instruction" in a talk or an informal address, and it doesn't need many words to impress valuable thoughts on an audience that is listening eagerly and attentively.

No speech made before a mixed audience of grangers and nongrangers should ever close without presenting some feature or features of grange work or public policy such as will inform those who are not members of the order as to what grange principles and policies are along the lines under discussion, and it may well close with an appeal to such farmers and farmers' wives to identify themselves with the only farmers' organization that is unselfishly seeking the farmer's good and the advancement of his agricultural and home interests. A clear, succinct statement of what the grange has accomplished for the farmer in legislation may well occupy the speech for a few moments, but what the grange is doing today and proposes to do tomorrow and next day to improve conditions on the farm and to make farming more remunerative should occupy the larger portion of the address. Let us not live in the past, but in the active present. Let us not boast so much of what the grange has done as to tell of what it proposes to do—in fact, is doing—and so inspire others with the thought that they, too, should join forces with the vast army fighting the farmers' battles in the state and nation.

J. W. D.

GRANITE STATE GRANGES.

Children's Day to Be Observed—State Fair Association and the Grange.

State Master Hadley of New Hampshire appointed Saturday, June 13, as Children's day, and it was generally observed throughout the state. Mr. Hadley's idea is that children should assemble with adult members and participate in the exercises, particularly along the line of nature study and agricultural improvement. Thus the children will become interested in the work of the Order, and as soon as they become of the prescribed age they will be willing to become active Patrons.

The Grange State Fair association of New Hampshire will again co-operate with the Concord state fair, which will exhibit at Concord on Sept. 8-11. The same liberal premiums will be offered to members of the grange for individual and collective exhibits. This co-operation of the grange with agricultural societies of the state is most commendable and worthy of adoption in other states.

A Need of the Grange.

A New York county deputy says that he believes the chief need of the grange in this state is the organization of a corps of grange speakers whose efforts shall not be so much for gaining new members as to present grange principles and objects to the farmers, so that they will be in sympathy with the work of the Order even if they do not join it. Such speakers should be sent only to localities where most needed and not on request of any grange. It often happens that the grange most in need of a state speaker is the last one to send for him. He says, furthermore, some kind of bureau should be established to ascertain what kind of grange work each grange is doing best and what lines are being neglected.

The Parcels Post.

Parcels weighing eleven pounds are carried anywhere in the German empire for 12 cents by the postal department, and at the end of the year it is $14,000,000 ahead financially. They are unmailable in the United States, and the postal department is behind several millions. The president, the grange and 75,000,000 citizens wish the same established in this country, but the express companies, a few misguided merchants and their agents in congress so far have been able to prevent it.

Ocean Side grange of Hampton, N. H., at a recent meeting took the form of a colonial party at which nearly all of the sixty-three members were in costume. The programme also took on a colonial hue.

CRACK ROAD MACHINE

When Best to Use the Split Log Drag.

FOLLOWING EACH HEAVY RAIN

Finest Work Done When the Soil Is Moist, Not Sticky—Clay Highway Dragging Needs Special Attention. Economy of the Device.

The best results with the split log drag have been obtained by dragging roads once each day after each heavy rain. In some cases, however, one dragging every three or four weeks has been found sufficient to keep a road in good condition.

When the soil is moist but not sticky the drag does its best work, says a bulletin from the government office of public roads. As the soil in a field will bake if plowed wet, so the road will bake if the drag is used on it when it is wet. If the roadway is full of holes or badly rutted, the drag should be used once when the ground is soft and slushy. This is particularly applicable before a cold spell in winter, when it is possible to so prepare the surface that it will freeze smooth.

Not infrequently conditions are met which may be overcome by a slight change in the manner of hitching. Shortening the chain tends to lift the front slab and make the cutting slight, while a longer hitch causes the front to sink more deeply into the earth and act on the principle of a plow.

If a furrow of earth is to be moved, the doubletree should be attached close to the ditch end of the drag, and the driver should stand with one foot on the extreme forward end of the front slab.

Conditions are so varied in different localities, however, that it is quite impossible to lay down specific rules. Certain sections of a roadway will require more attention than others because of steep grades, wet weather springs, soil conditions, exposure to sun and wind washes, etc. There is one condition, however, in which special attention should be given. Clay roads under persistent dragging frequently become too high in the center. This may be corrected by dragging the earth toward the center of the road twice and away from it once.

There is no question as to the economy of this roadmaking implement, either in first cost or in operation. In six counties in Kansas in 1906 the cost of maintaining ordinary earth roads, without the aid of the split log drag, averaged $42.50 a mile. These figures were furnished by Professor W. C. Hoad of the University of Kansas, who secured them from official records of the counties.

Some figures furnished by F. P. Sanborn and R. H. Aishton, general manager of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, have revealed the wonders of this simple device. Mr. Sanborn said: "The least expense per mile per annum for split log dragging was $1.50, the greatest a little over $6 and the average expense per mile for five and a half miles a little over $3. I have lived along this road all my life, and never in forty years have I seen it freer from mud and dust, despite the fact that during the season we have experienced the extremes of weather conditions."

The testimony of Mr. Aishton is equally strong. Learning that a township in Iowa had been making an investigation of the split log drag and had been experimenting with it for a year on twenty-eight miles of highway, he sent an agent to secure information. It was reported that, although the town board had paid the cost of making the drags and of hiring men to operate them, the total expense for one year averaged but $2.40 a mile, and the roads were reported to have been "like a race track" the greater portion of the year.

Beware of Narrow Tires.

Where the soil is stiff or loamy it pays to use the split log road drag after it rains and before the ground dries hard. Nine-tenths of the country roads could be made into splendid thoroughfares by the proper persistent use of the road drag and wide tires. Wide tires alone will keep a loamy road in fairly good condition with just one scraping in the spring to round up the turnpike. Sandy roads are a much more serious problem, but sometimes a surface of clay will soon mix with the sand to form a hard track, and wide tires will keep it hard and smooth so the rainwater will run off quickly to the sides, but narrow tires will ruin such a road surface quickly by cutting ruts to hold water. It would be difficult to invent a worse implement of destruction, especially on roads that are inclined to be sandy.

Love, Honor, Etc.

"Has obey been stricken out of the marriage service?"

"Yes; I believe it has."

"Anything taken its place?"

"I think so."

"What?"

"Divorce."

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 9, 1908.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—Why and how to be healthy.—1 Cor. vi, 19, 20.

There are few things in life that are more important than good health. With it and a fair amount of intelligence one may accomplish a great deal in a lifetime. But without it even a most brilliant mind cannot compensate it; hence the classic adage, "A sound mind in a sound body." Ill health comes from various sources. Sometimes it is inherited, or at least the tendency toward certain diseases which bring ill health for perhaps many years is inherited. In other cases, through accidents and events beyond our control, we suffer permanent ill health. In such cases no blame rests upon us, but with a brave heart and trust in God we should strive to regain as far as possible this great blessing of life.

Ill health frequently comes as a result of our own misdeeds. Nervous diseases, so plentiful and so disastrous today, are usually the result of overwork or overworry, or both combined. The insatiate greed for gold leads many to irregularity in living, to burdening mind and body more than they are able to stand, and the result is the weakening of the nervous system, which is so vital to health. Sinful lives, for which men are responsible themselves, wreck the health of many a man. Licentiousness, intemperance and other sins will sooner or later wreck the strongest of constitutions, and we find men at forty ill and decrepit who should be physically and mentally in the very prime of life. But they are old men before their day, made so by indulgence in sinful and ruinous vices. Young people, guard well your health if you have it, and seek it if it is in any way impaired.

But why should we be healthy? It has already been pointed out that health is important to our temporal welfare, but it is more than that. Our bodies, as Paul says, are the temple of the Holy Ghost, and this dwelling place should be a healthful one. It should be especially free from sin and the forms of illness that cover this sin. Moreover, the apostle declares that our bodies are not ours alone; that they belong to Christ, who has bought them with his own life's blood, and Christ wants the bodies that belong to Him to be clean and healthy. While on earth He healed men's bodies and still today does so, when in accordance with God's will and plan for us, in answer to our prayers. These facts testify to His interest in the health of our bodies. Moreover, strong, healthy bodies are necessary to the best service that we can render God. We are commanded to love God "with all our strength"—physical strength. Nor can the mind and soul reach their highest achievements except with strong, vigorous bodies. Bodily limitations are tremendous obstacles when they are strong, but how they hinder us when they are weak and ineffective!

How may we be healthy? Obey the laws of God and of nature. The man who obeys God's written commands will avoid many things that break down the health of the body. The man who obeys the laws of God in nature will conserve good health. Be temperate in all things—eating, drinking, in work and in pleasure. Be regular in all habits and have only good ones. Eat good food. Waste none of your sleeping time, for sleep is a great factor in health. Find time for recreation and exercise, always remembering that overexercising is as imprudent as none at all. A man whose business is in an office does not need muscles like a Sandow and only injures himself in trying to develop them by excess. Spend as much time as possible out of doors and in outdoor exercise. The simple methods of developing and preserving health are in the majority of cases the better. Then when passing good health "glorify God in your body and in your spirit, which are God's."

BIBLE READINGS.

Gen. xliii, 26-28; Lev. xix, 27, 28; Prov. xvii, 20-22; Ps. ciii. 1-5; cxix, 57-64; John vi, 47-51; I. Cor. iii, 16, 17; I. Tim. iv, 8; III. John i, 3.

The New Committees.

As a warning the following clever lines by Amos R. Wells are published to be posted in each committeeman's hat to be read when his interest is lagging or his heart growing faint:

Ten new committees, vigorous and fine;
One was too ambitious, and then there were nine.

Nine new committees, zealous and elate;
One got offended, and then there were eight.

Eight new committees laboring for heaven;
One got too shirking, and then there were seven.

Seven new committees "putting in best licks;"
One found it tedious, and then there were six.

Six new committees looking all alive;
One went to sleep, and then there were five.

Five new committees keeping up their score;
One became "too busy," and then there were four.

Four new committees, bright as bright could be;
One became careless, and then there were three.

Three new committees hunting things to do;
One thought he couldn't, and then there were two.

Two new committees, proud of good things done;
One grew "so tired," and then there was one.

One new committee holding on for fun;
Fun got exhausted, and then there was none.

—Australian Roll Call.

TOWNS WIPED OUT BY FIRE

100 Square Miles in Canadian Northwest in Flames.

OVER 100 LIVES LOST

Fire, Driven By High Wind, Makes It Impossible to Check Its Advance. Five Towns Believed to Have Been Destroyed—People Flee to the Open Country to Seek Safety—Are Surrounded On Prairie By Fire and Escape Cut Off—Over 6000 Persons Are Homeless.

Winnipeg Man., Aug. 3.—As a result of bush fires that started Saturday and still rage for many miles, Fernie, B. C., is wiped off the map; Michel, fourteen miles distant, is in flames, and the fate of Hosmer, Olsen and Sparwood, intervening towns, is in doubt, as they are cut off from communication.

More than 100 lives are reported lost, seventy-four of them in Fernie. Over 6000 people are homeless. A territory 100 square miles in extent is a seething mass of flames. Through it are scattered hundreds of lumbermen and prospectors, so that the actual loss of life will not be known for days. Much property of the Canadian Pacific and the Great Northern railways is destroyed, including bridges and rolling stock burned, so that it is impossible to enter or leave the burning area. The inhabitants of the affected towns have fled to the open country so seek safety. The railway companies have placed all available trains at the disposal of the refugees, and unless there is a change of wind within the next twenty-four hours the whole of the Crows Nest Pass country will be abandoned to the flames.

There is no possibility of estimating the loss of life and property which will result, for the flames are driven by a half gale, making it impossible to put up a fight against their advance. The conflagration is the greatest which has ever visited Canada.

For the past month forest fires have been raging in the mountains of the Elk river valley country, but they have not been considered seriously. Saturday morning a heavy wind sprung up from the west, and early in the afternoon the flames appeared over the crest of the mountains to the west of Fernie. They ran down the mountain side, and before a fire guard could be organized had entered the town. In an hour the town was doomed, and the inhabitants sought safety in flight, leaving everything behind them. All night and Sunday the exodus continued, the destination being a small prairie in the valley three miles south of the town. At present 3000 people are camped there in the open, their only protection being shelters built of brush or blankets, while a constant shower of sparks from the burning area kept falling through the pall of smoke by which they are surrounded. Scattered through the valley are many small prairies, and all of them have their groups of refugees.

The hills in all directions are a seething mass of flames, cutting off every avenue of escape. The fire has spread with unprecedented rapidity and it is feared that several parties who tried to get through the pass have been cut off. Families have been separated, and there is at present no means of checking up the fatalities.

At Fernie the only buildings remaining are six small shacks on the banks of the Elk river, the offices of the Crows Nest Coal company and the Fikes wood warehouse. One hundred tons of coke, the property of the Great Northern, are gone, and the stock piles of coal and coke, holding about half a million tons, are in flames. It is now feared that the fire may get into the mines themselves, several of which are open in the neighborhood. This will mean incalculable damage, as the entire valley is underlaid with coal.

At present the fire is following the crest of the mountain chain about Sparwood, eating down into the valleys on the other side. It is travelling at a tremendous rate, and unless there is a change of wind will cross the boundary into Montana within the next twelve hours. There are thousands of miners' and prospectors' claims in the track of the fire, all of which are in peril.

Sunday School Fire Brigade On the Job

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 3. — Sunday scholars dismissed when the tinning establishment of Burgess J. Fred Hummell, of Wormleysburg, caught fire, prevented a disastrous spread of the flames in that town. Fire companies were sent from this city, but by the time they crossed the Susquehanna the Sunday school brigade and citizens had the fire under control.

Very few people really like to work, but all think they do.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Myron McClain,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,

CASSVILLE, PA.

Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

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621 Washington Street
Huntingdon, Pa.

All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

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—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS.
Notary Public

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

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No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON PA

S. P. STUBBS,

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and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

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MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Machinery Supplies.

If you want anything in the line of supplies enumerated below give us a trial. We carry in stock

Injectors and Ejectors, Lubricators, Oil Cups, Water and Steam Gauges, all kinds of Brass and Iron Valves, Brass, Cast, Wrought and Malleable Iron Fittings, Black and Galvanized Iron Pipe, Nuts and Bolts, Iron Rods for building purposes, Set Screws, Cap Screws, Vises, Screw Jacks, Babbitt Metal, Files, Flue Cleaners, Wrenches, Hangers, Stocks and Dies, Taps and Reamers, Leather, Rubber, Canvas and Cotton Belting, Rubber Hose for Water and Steam, Sheet and Spiral Packing, Wood and Iron Pulleys, Shafting in any size and lengths, Pumps and Hydrants, Plumbers' Supplies, Plow Castings, Stove Grates, etc.

We make all kinds of Castings, do all kinds of Machine Shop and Boiler Work. Call on or write us. We have both 'phones. We are the largest Machinery Supply House in Central Pennsylvania.

Lewistown Foundry & Machine Company

LEWISTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER, Publisher.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

MARKLESBURG.

Rain is greatly needed.

Wheat is reported as giving a heavy yield.

Many visitors to our town during the week.

J. Elmer Norris, of Altoona, sojourned in this vicinity with friends last week.

Harvest is practically ended as our threshermen have started on their annual tour.

Our genial merchant, Irvin Brumbaugh, is on the sick list, but is better at this writing.

Miss Blanch Speck and Miss Pearl Crum Sundayed with their friend, Miss Mary Donelson.

Mrs. G. B. Brumbaugh, mother of Dr. M. G. Brumbaugh, is quite ill at her home in Marklesburg.

The mining industry is still on the boom. The iron ore shipping increases as room can be made for additional men.

A pleasant caller at our home was Mr. Brooks Crum, of Castleton, Iowa. Mr. Crum will spend some weeks visiting the friends of his boyhood days.

John C. Grove, after a long illness, succumbed to death at his home on Raystown Branch, in Penn township, Sunday morning. Mr. Grove leaves a wife, one daughter (Mrs. Gill), one brother and one sister, with many relatives to mourn his loss. Funeral at the White church, on Tuesday forenoon, his pastor, Rev. H. C. Rose, of the Lutheran church, conducting the services.

CASSVLLE.

Miss Elda Houck, spent Sunday at the home of J. L. Houck.

Services in the M. P. church on Sunday evening by Rev. Nicholson,

Mrs. Graham and daughter are paying a short visit to friends in Huntingdon.

The picnic at Otterbein passed off pleasantly, also the festival in the evening.

Mr. C. B. Hyssong has secured the contract for painting the Methodist church.

Mrs. Ida Baum and daughters, of McKeesport, visited their friends here last week.

Mr. Sent, of Saltillo, was here last week doing some repair work on two of our churches.

Mr. Johnson has been working at the Methodist church and has laid a brick walk in front of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Henderson, of Philadelphia, arrived on Friday evening, also Carroll Henderson.

Miss Edith Norris and a party of friends from Saltillo, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Prough. Among them was a son of Dr. Hinchman, a well known physician formerly of this place.

BEECH RUN.

The pioneer picnic has passed into history.

Preaching Sabbath next at ten thirty by Rev. R. X. Wilson.

Summer is swiftly passing and soon we will be facing fallward.

Alvin Decker, wife and mother, were callers here on Sabbath last.

Geo. A. Bumgardner did some painting for J. Quincy Dell the past week.

Sadie Smith and Mary Egy, of Smith valley, were callers hereaways the past week.

William Smith and wife, of Altoona, were recent visitors at the home of Mrs. Charity Shoop.

Pipe hauling, which has been the chief industry in this section for the past two weeks, is nearing a finish.

Harry Dell in company with three young lassies viewed the foreign camp near Bowman's Chapel on Sunday last.

By to-morrow we expect to be standing in the historic Raystown Branch, waist deep, all the preliminary arrangements having been made. Whole souled kinsfolk will shelter us at night time. All our fishing paraphernalia has been carefully packed. The boys will keep the plow from rusting in the field of promise during our annual outing. So adieu, for the hour is ripe.

STONY POINT.

Miss Maud Heck is visiting at the home of her uncle, D. H. Heck.

Albert Apgar and daughter, Mary, were Sunday visitors at the home of Jesse Querry.

John O. Querry has just finished hauling in the best field of oats in this section, and is now ready for the thrasher.

The festival held at this place Saturday night was a success in every particular. A fair sized crowd was present and everything for sale was disposed of.

C. P. Querry is remodeling the house recently purchased from James D. Querry. He will build an addition to it and will have a fine home when completed.

Gilbert and Ira Querry have contracted with the Pipe Line Co. to furnish one hundred and twenty telephone poles and are engaged at present delivering them along the line.

NOTICE—The Treasurer of Huntington County or his deputy will attend at the time and place specified in the following list for the purpose of collecting State, County and Dog Taxes for the year 1908:

Wednesday, August 5—Hopewell township, at Beaver Station, forenoon; Lincoln township at Entriken, afternoon.
Thursday, August 6—Part of Penn township, at Marklesburg Station, forenoon until 11 o'clock; Marklesburg at Garner's store from noon until 1.30 p. m.; Grafton and part of Penn township, at Grafton, 2 to 4.30 p. m.
Friday, August 7—Porter township at Barree Forge, forenoon, until 10.30; Logan township and Petersburg, at Petersburg from 11 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Saturday, August 8—Juniata township at Treasurer's office
Monday, August 10—Birmingham and part of Warriorsmark township at Birmingham until noon; Warriorsmark township at Warriorsmark, afternoon and evening.
Tuesday, August 11—Warriorsmark until 11 a. m.; Franklin township at Franklinville from noon until 7 p. m.
Wednesday, August 12—Spruce Creek township at Spruce Creek until 1.30 p. m.
Thursday, August 13—Morris township at Water Street, forenoon; Alexandria and part of Porter township, at Alexandria afternoon.
Friday, August 14—Walker township at McConnellstown.
Saturday, August 15—Smithfield township at Treasurer's office.

All taxable persons who pay their taxes to the Treasurer on or before September 15, 1908, will be allowed a reduction of 5 per cent.

The taxes levied for the year are based on 7 mills tax for current expenses of county and 1 mill tax for payment of county debt, total 8 mills.

G. N. SPYKER,
County Treasurer.

Huntingdon, Pa, June 11, 1908.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

About 1.30 o'clock Monday afternoon a car was derailed near the Quinter farm west of town, blocking Nos. 1 and 2 tracks for a time.

Commencing next Sunday and continuing during the month of August, Rev. J. H. Ake will preach in the Mill Creek M. E. church each Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock.

There are many imitations of DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve but just one original. Nothing else is just as good. Insist on DeWitt's. It is cleansing, soothing and cooling. Sold by G. W. Wright.

Shapiro Bros., whose two large stores in Mapleton are filled with merchandise such as every one is wont to buy, are beginning to-day, offering goods at prices that are very low. Visit them for bargains.

"Bills" is the name of a new boat launched on the "Blue Juniata" at this place last Monday. It is the property of three "Bills,"—Stombaugh, Buchanan and Hooper. There is no counterfeit in the new boat, or its owners. The boat is a beauty, and is the workmanship of John Bair.

Does your back ache? Do you have sharp pains in the side and the small of the back? This is due, usually, to kidney trouble. Take DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. They will promptly relieve weak back, backache, rheumatic pains and all Kidney and Bladder disorders. Sold and recommended by G. W. Wright.

The Crystal Springs camp meeting, Fulton county, will be held this year on August 14-24. An attractive programme has already been arranged, and the best meeting in years is expected. The grounds are being put in good condition, new buildings are being erected and old ones repaired. There will be telephone connections, daily mail conveyances to and from all trains and other conveniences.

The little attacks of stomach trouble and stomach disorders will undoubtedly lead to chronic dyspepsia unless you take something for a sufficient time to strengthen the stomach and give it a chance to get well. If you take Kodol in the beginning the bad attacks of Dyspepsia will be avoided, but if you allow these little attacks to go unheeded it will take Kodol a longer time to put your stomach in good order again. Get a bottle of Kodol to-day. Sold by G. W. Wright.

W. H. Spangler has purchased the pin mill and machinery from J. B Shuman and will shortly install additional woodworking machinery necessary to convert the plant into a planing mill. He will also add a chopping mill which will apply a long-felt want in this community. When Mr. Spangler takes hold of an enterprise he usually makes it a success. Once he gets the plant in working order it is his intention to enlarge the building and purchase brick moulding machinery for the manufacture of building bricks of sand and cement. There is a large demand for bricks of this kind and it has been demonstrated that those made of Mapleton sand are far superior to any others yet manufactured. Mr. Spangler will receive encouragement in his undertaking from other Mapleton people and we predict for the new enterprise much success.

HARRY E. HUSTON.

SALTILLO, PA.

Our Lower Prices Make Us Grow.

During May we sold over $700 more than any May since we have been in Saltillo. There's a reason for this and those who have bought from us know that our underselling methods have made this store grow in the face of panic times.

Granulated Sugar, per lb	5 1-2c
4 lb nice prunes	25c
5lb rice for	25c
2lb 16c Peaches for	25c
10 lb Pail White Fish	67c
10 lb Pail Mackeral	1.25
4 cans Eagle Lye	25c
Lancaster Gingham per yard	7c
Bleached Muslin per yard	5c
Unbleached Muslin per yard	5c
Heavy Plow Shoes per pair	1.25

We have just received the largest and best assortment of Fans, Ladies and Gents Belts, Side and Back Combs, Laces, White Duck and Linen, Skirts. Petticoats, Night Gowns, Corset Covers and Shirt Waists it has been our good fortune to secure. Come in and see them.

Harry E. Huston,

Saltillo, Penna.

Merchants be on Gnard.

Irresponsible solicitors are at work in many sections of the state soliciting funds for the repeal of the Mercantile Tax law, and in many cases allege that they are working in the interests of our Association. Thousands of Dollars have already been collected in this state by "specialist associations" for the purpose of bringing about the possible repeal of the Mercantile Tax law. In view of the small individual contribution and the popularity of the cause of the appeal this fact causes no surprise. However, there is one point that should be noted, that in event of the repeal of the Mercantile Tax law there is a strong probability that another tax law will be substituted and to prevent such an enactment these "specialist organizations" seem to offer no assistance. As the result of the influence brought upon, and the favorable sentiment created with the members of the last Legislature, by the Retail Merchants' Association of Pennsylvania, there is some assurance of the repeal of this unnecessary tax. There is, however, always the danger of the passage of a tax law of some other form to take the place of the one repealed. Taxation seems imperative to the lawcreators.

The Retail Merchants' Association of Pennsylvania has 148 affiliated Associons, covering nearly all of the leading cities and towns of the state, and their individual membership runs into many thousands.

NO PERSON IS AUTHORIZED TO SOLICIT LEGISLATIVE FUNDS IN OUR NAME, and all merchants are warned not to contribute unless they have money to burn. At no time in our Association history have we thought it necessary to solicit funds for legislative purposes other than our natural revenues from entrance fees, capita tax and printed forms. Should it be necessary at any time to do so, the appeal will be made direct to the merchants of the state through the officers of our local Associations. At the next session of the Legislature, the Retail Merchants' Association of Pennsylvania will be found on the job when in comes to considering the Mercantile Tax repeal. In the interval or at that time, merchants are advised not to contribute until after communicating with the undersigned.

Yours very truly,
A. M. Howes, State Sec'y,
210 Lincoln Bldg., Erie, Pa.

MARRIED.

LOCKE—MADDEN—At Huntingdon, July 28, 1908, by Rev. D. E. Master, Charles E. Locke, of Shade Gap, and Miss Edna R. Maden, of Meadow Gap.

SHUSS—SANDERSON—At the home of the bride, August 1, 1908, by Rev. H. N. Follmer Cloyd Shuss and Miss Georgiana Sanderson, both of Huntingdon.

$5.00 will buy 100 lbs Granulated Sugar at Huston's at Saltillo if $7.00 worth of goods are bought at the same time, flour, feed and fertilizer excepted.

While Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup is especially recommended for children, it is, of course, just as good for adults. Children like to take it because it tastes nearly as good as maple sugar. Its laxative principle drives the cold from the system by gentle, natural, yet copious action of the bowels. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

For fine box stationery, go to the ITEM office.

Subscribe for the Item, $1 a year

Pennsylvania Railroad

SIXTEEN-DAY EXCURSIONS

6.85 or 8.85 to Atlantic City, Cape May
Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, Ocean City Sea Isle City, Avalon, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

8.85 or 10.85 to Asbury Park, Long Branch
West End, Elberon, Deal Beach, Allenhurst, North Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Avon, Belmar Como, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Brielle, Point Pleasant, and Bay Head, N. J.

Tickets at the lower rate good only in Coaches. Tickets at the higher rate good in Parlor or Sleeping Cars in connection with proper Pullman tickets.

JULY 23, August 6, 20, 1908

SPECIAL TRAIN OF PARLOR CARS AND COACHES

Train leaves Mapleton 11.31 A. M.

running through to Atlantic City and stopping at Philadelphia, to discharge passengers Tickets good for passage on special Train or on trains leaving Pittsburgh at 4 55 P. M and 8.50 P. M., and their connections going, and all regular trains returning within sixteen days.

Stops will be made for meals or dining car service will be provided. For stop-over privilege and full information consult nearest Ticket Agent.

J. R. WOOD
Passenger Traffic Manager

GEO. W. BOYD
General Passenger Agent

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., August 5, 1903.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of District Conventions of the Patriotic Order Sons of America.

At the semi-annual session of the district convention of the Patriotic Order Sons of America held at Three Springs Friday August 2, 1907, the committee appointed at a previous session to draft rules and regulations for the government of future conventions reported as follows and the report was adopted:

To the District President, officers and member of the District Convention of the Patriotic Order Sons of America:

We your committee appointed to draft rules and regulations for the government of future conventions beg leave to submit the following for your consideration:

I. This organization shall be known as the District Convention of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, of Huntingdon County.

II. The regular meetings of the convention shall be held on the Twenty-second day of February and the first Friday in August of each ye r. Should the Twenty-second day of February fall on Sunday, the meeting scheduled for that occasion shall be held on the Friday preceding.

2. The place of meeting of the Convention shall be determined by a majority vote of those present at the preceding convention.

3. The hours of the session at any convention shall be determined by the District President, the District Secretary and the officers of the local Camp with which the convention is held.

III. The membership of the convention shall consist of the District President, Ex District Presidents, the District Officers, all Past Presidents in good standing and three delegates to be elected from each Camp in the County.

IV. Each Camp in the County shall pay an annual membership fee of Two Dollars which fee shall be payable at the February convention. Neither the Past President nor the delegates from any Camp shall be entitled to voice or vote in the convention until this fee shall have been paid. This fee shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Convention and the fund thus accumulated shall be used by vote of the Convention to pay necessary expenses such as printing and postage. Should the fund accumulate so as to permit it, the Convention may remit the dues for one year.

V. The officers of the Convention shall consist of the District President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, Master of Forms, Chaplain, Conductor, Sentinel, Guard, and an Auditing Committee of three members. The Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, Master of Forms, Chaplain, Conductor, Sentinel, Guard shall be chosen by ballot at the February Convention, to serve for one year, a majority of the votes cast being necessary to a choice. The District President shall at the same Convention appoin tthe Auditing Committee. At the August Convention a suitable Past President shall be recommended to the State President by a majority vote for appointment as District President for the ensuing year.

VI. Vacancies in offices of the Conv n tion may be filled as the Convention may direct.

VII. A majority vote shall decide all qu estions before the Convention.

VIII. The duties of the officers of the Convention shall be the same as the duties of similar officers in the Camp. The Auditing Committee shall examine the books and accounts of the Secretary and Treasurer and make an itemized report of the receipts and expenditures at each Convention.

IX. The Acting Secretary shall receive a salary of one dollar for each Convention attended and immediately after the close of the Convention he shall prepare a suitable report of the proceedings for publication and have same published and shall also forward a copy of the proceedings to the State Secretary.

X. Delegates to the Conventions should have their credentials signed by the President and Secretary of their Camp, duly attested by the seal of Camp. Officers and Past Presidents should present certificates of good standing similarly attested.

XI. The Convention will not be responsible for expenses of delegates but recommends that local Camps defray the expenses of their representatives.

XII. Public meetings may be held the evening of, or the evening preceding the Convention, arrangements for such meetings to be made by a committee of the local Camp acting in conjunction with the District President and District Secretary. If desired, the Convention shall provide the speaker for such public meeting.

Order of Business.

1. Call to order.
2. Devotional Exercises.
3. Appointment of Committee on Credentials.
4. Presentation of Credentials and Certificates.
5. Reading of Minutes of Preceding Sessions.
6. Report of Committee on Credentials.
7. Appointment of Auditing Committee (February) and Committee on Resolutions.
8. Nomination of Officers or appointment of Committee on Nominations (February).
9. Nomination of District President or Appointment of Committee to Nominate (August).
10. Unfinished Business.
11. New Business.
12. Written Communications.
13. Verbal Communications.
14. Election of Officers.
15. Reports of Committees.
16. Installation of Officers.

Closing Ode.

Adjournment.

Fraternally Submitted.

GEO. W. TAYLOR
R. J. COONS
I. N. SWOPE
A. A. WIBLE
G. W. BUNN
Committee.

August 2nd, 1907.

The convention to be held at Calvin Friday, August 7, 1908, will be governed by the foregoing regulations.

INDIA'S TANNING INDUSTRY.

Deep Interest Being Taken In Improved Methods of Making Leather.

The following report from Consul General William H. Michael, at Calcutta, indicates that the tanning industry in India is entering upon a new era:

Old methods are pasing away and modern ones are taking their place. Within the last few months several young Indians have applied to me for information as to how they might avail themselves of instruction in America on the modern methods of tanning and dressing leather. They were well educated and highly connected, and well-to-do Hindus, who were willing to enter an American tannery and learn the business from the bottom up. They had passed through the laboratory training given in India, and taken practical instruction in Indian tanneries, but they had found that in tanning and dressing of leathers they would find more advanced methods in the United States.

There is a very general feeling in India that the tanning materials indigenous to the country are not being utilized to the best advantage, and the subject is being agitated in the press and scientific schools. It is proposed to send sample barks and woods possessing tanning properties to England for analysis to determine their value, and to make extracts for testing purposes in actual tanning.

It is believed that India can enlarge her leather tanning operation by use of extracts, which is considered better than the barks, and at the same time establish a large export trade in such extracts. Extracts from the acacia catechu, or cutch, as it is commonly called, is made in Burma, Kumaon, and Bombay. The extract itself was at one time called "terra japonica" because it was at first classed as a mineral substance. In 1906 there were 7,318 tons of this tanning and dye commodity exported to England. There is a growing demand for myrobolams in the United States. This is a fruit of the terminalia chebula, which grows abundantly in parts of India and Burma. Myrabolams are largely consumed in Germany, where the imports have fallen from 19,141 tons in 1904 to 14,754 tons in 1906. There is one factory in India where an excellant extract of myrobolams is made for the English market. This is at Ranigunge, but in order to meet the demands of the trade there should be a similar factory established in Madras and Bombay. Myrabolam extract is light in color, and admits of combination with other mate ials for the manufacture of high-class leather.

A Hot Campaign

The Presidential campaign is now on and from the present indications will be the hottest fought and most interesting campaign for many years. Both great national parties are working hard for the success of their candidates, the interest will increase from day to day and will continue until the voter has cast his vote and the election has been decided. Every American citizen will want to keep in touch with the campaign as it progresses. "The Philadelphia Press," the great, reliable, metropolitan daily, will publish the campaign news completely and accurately and will keep you posted up to the minute. Tell your newsdealer to serve "The Philadelphia Press," to your home, get it at the newsstand or send in your subscriptian direct. address it to the Circulation Department, "The Press," 7th and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

How It Feels to Be Hanged.

I will tell you how it feels to be hanged. At Fort Barrancas, Florida, on April 4, 1868, I was hung as a confederate spy. I spent four minutes physically and spiritually between earth and heaven. Then a Yankee sergeant believing me to be the wrong man, cut me down, says the Rev. J. T. Mann in Spare Moments.

My first sensation when the barrel was kicked from under my feet was that a steam boiler inside me was about to explode. Every vein and blood vessel to and from my heart seemed charged with an oppressive fullness that must find an avenue of escape. The nervous system throughout its length was tingling with a painful, pricking sensation the like of which I never felt before or since. Then followed the sense of an explosion, as if a volcano had erupted. This seemed to give me relief, and the pain gave way to a pleasurable feeling, one very desirable could it be secured without death. With this sensation a light broke in upon my sight, a light of milky whiteness, yet strange to say, so transparent that is was easier to pierce with the eye than the light of day. Then came into my mouth a taste of sweetness the like of which I have never since known. And I felt myself moving on, with a consciousness of leaving everything behind. Then I heard the sweetest of music, and it seemed that more than a thousand harps led in each part, accompanied by myriads of voices.

And the sensation of coming back to life after I had been cut down, was just as painful as the first feeling of hanging. It was acute torture. Every nerve seemed to have a pain of its own. My nose and fingers were seats of the most excruciating agony. In half an hour the pain was all gone, but I would not go through the experience again for the wealth of the Indies.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, safe, easy, pleasant, sure, little liver pills. Sold by G. W. Wright.

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Household individual banks furnished on application.

A general banking business done.

Interest allowed on time deposits.

Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

TRESPASS NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned under penalty of the law not to enter upon the premises of the undersigned in Clay township for the purpose of cutting or destroying trees or shrubbery, pilfering fruit or berries, hunting, fishing or for any other purpose. Pasturing of horses or cattle on said lands is also forbidden.

MRS. MAUD H. GURD.

Clay Township,
June 15, 1908.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer nformation, plerse writh me.

B. F. Baker.

Mapleton Depot, April 15, 1907. 4t

WM. REED & SONS, HUNTINGDON, PA.

STORE IS OPEN EVENINGS DURING THE SALE.
Beginning July 1st, We Will Close at 6 O'clock, Except Saturdays and from 14th to the 20th.

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WILL BE MORE ENJOYABLE IF YOU ARE PREPARED FOR IT

This store stands ready to help you in your preparations. Here you will find big stocks of just what you will need, whether your vacation be spent in a rough and tumble camp or a high class resort.

A journey makes necessary proper baggage, a trunk, a new suit case or bag. You will find here one of the choicest lines of travelers' needs you have ever seen. Scores of trunks priced from $1.75 up to $20 each make choosing easy. Suit cases priced at $1 to $16 50 with a splendid assortment, and bags as low as 50 cents and on up to $20 each, offer every taste a wide latitude for selection

An Umbrella, A Steamer Rug

and then all the little comfort givers—Toilet Articles, Neckwear, Belts, Ruchings, Ribbons, come to mind in this connection All these things are here for you.

The Second Floor with its Big Stocks of Garments is Ready to Help

in almost any emergency. Here are Shirt Waist Suits, Tub Jacket Suits, Skirts and Waists of all kinds, an immense stock of Muslin Undergarments, Children's Dresses Kimonas and other garments, all in ample variety as to styles and prices.

The Piece Goods Stocks of Wash Goods, Silks and Woolens are full of new things which arrive almost constantly. Apron Ginghams, Calicoes, Muslins and other Staples are at the very lowest prices here. Don't think of buying without getting prices here. Remember, you never buy seconds here.

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R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

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The way to avoid the little pests and protect your health from the impurities which they bring into your homes is to Screen Your Doors and Windows with a good wire and keep the breeders of disease on the outside. For the sake of the health of their families, every class of housekeeper should take this precaution.

GO TO PARKER'S AND GET
SCREEN DOORS, WINDOW SCREENS
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THE BEST EVER AND PRICES THE LOWEST.

"Golden Eagle" Flour

as good a high-grade flour as you ever used, $1.35 per sack.
WE SELL AND RECOMMEND IT.

If you have not already done so, try one of the **MACKEREL** we are selling. They weigh 2¼ pounds each and are as fine as any we ever saw.

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To Give Satisfaction or Your Money Back.

If, after using two-thirds of a $1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today, on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you, return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

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On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarrette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.

McCorkle's Pool Parlor

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Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

THE WAY OF THE CLERK.

A man of weight and dignity,
Of pomp and circumstance,
May wither those who work for him
With his all piercing glance.
But when he ventures for his wife
To buy some fancy stuff
A slender lady of sixteen
Will often call his bluff.

He goes into a dry goods store
To buy a piece of lace
And carries dignity enough
To almost sink the place.
The busy saiesgirl overlooks
His condescending smile
And says, with chilling unconcern,
"Down in the center aisle."

The lady in the center aisle
A careless look bestows
Upon the sample he must match;
Then, turning on her toes
And going leisurely to where
Such things as lace they keep,
She shakes her head and says, "We don't
Have anything so cheap."

She sells him some for twice the price
Before he goes away
And then holds out her hand as though
He might be doubtful pay.
Then he most unobtrusively
Goes sliding toward the door
And feeling just about a tenth
The size he felt before.

Getting Even.

"Oh, no; she wouldn't have him. He was a very fine man, and all that, but then she never could learn to love him, but as a friend—well, she hoped she could always count him as such, and she was so sorry if she had ever done anything that had caused him to have hoped. There was considerably more in that same line, too, but that was all he could remember."

"Did he take it hard?"

"He pretended to, but there was method in his actions. She had been flirting with him outrageously, but he didn't complain. He looked pensive and waited for leap year."

"And then she proposed?"

"Yes, and then he threw her down."

Take Notice.

Shout and the world shouts with you;
Whine and you get turned down;
Put up a kick that is fearless and quick
And you get the pick of the town.

Had to Rustle.

"He is the youngest son of a duke."

"Not much money coming to him then?"

"Only what he can earn by marriage."

The Crumpled Rose Leaf.

The days of June
Have all too soon
Slipped back into the past,
And now July
Comes floating by,
Filled with illusions vast.

Illusions sweet
Are most complete.
(What gives me such distress?)
Of bliss supreme
I fondly dream.
(These pesky ants be blest!)

And why, oh, why
In dear July
Does fact with fancy fight—
That is to say,
In open day
Why must mosquitoes bite?

In Bad With Her.

"What a gay butterfly of fashion Miss Flighty is."

"She may look that way to you, but as a matter of fact she is more like a mosquito or a bumblebee."

"You talk like one who had been stung."

Hard Lines.

"Can't you give me a lift? I am down on my luck."

"At that you are ahead of me."

"How is that?"

"I never had any to be down on."

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

A dollar in the pocket is better than two on the bar.

—

Being pretty is merely a matter of pride, pretense and practice.

—

The trouble with a woman is that when she gets even she is never satisfied to stay that way.

—

Really needing the money is a great cure for squeamishness.

—

One reason why so many of us can't stand prosperity is because we can't find its hiding place.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER ONE

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, and to give the General Assembly power to establish a separate court in Philadelphia county, with criminal and miscellaneous jurisdiction.

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, That the following amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same are hereby, proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended by striking out the said section and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas, shall be vested in one court of common pleas in each of said counties, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of each of the said courts shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in each of said courts may be, by law, increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first Monday of January succeeding its adoption.

Section 2. That article five, section eight, be amended by making an addition thereto so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 8. The said courts in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny respectively shall, from time to time, in turn, detail one or more of their judges to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said counties, in such manner as may be directed by law: Provided, That in the county of Philadelphia the General Assembly shall have power to establish a separate court, consisting of not more than four judges, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction in criminal cases and in such other matters as may be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER TWO.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, allowing counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, or other municipal or incorporated districts, to increase their indebtedness.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That section eight, article nine, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, reading as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein; nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," be amended, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article of said Constitution, so that said section, when amended, shall read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed ten per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein; nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER THREE.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment One—To Article Four, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal," so as to read as follows:—

He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—

"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section Eleven.

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—

"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constitution, which reads as follows:—

"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years, and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished," so as to read as follows:—

In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—

The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section Three.

Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:—

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Amendment Seven—To Article Eight, Section Fourteen.

Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:—

District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

Amendment Eight—To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:—

"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law," so as to read:—

All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—

County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.

Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared, that—

In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN M. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

It is easy to reform some men, but they won't stay reformed.

—

Many heiresses would much rather marry a title than have a real husband.

—

When a woman's temper gets ruffled a man might try edging it with lace.

—

As long as a man is on good terms with his dinner he is still in the winning class.

—

When a young man gets to making himself indispensable a girl would better dispense with him at once unless she has made up her mind never to do so.

—

A man never tells his wife to keep the change. He knows she has enough human intelligence to do it without orders.

—

One way a young man might try being irresistible is to be a millionaire.

—

When a man really recognizes that he has the habit he is mistaken; it has him.

—

Lots of warnings are given just to be warnings and not to be heeded.

—

Before you slap some people on the wrist be sure a competent surgeon is handy.

Not Organized.

"I am a self made man."

"One nice thing about that."

"What?"

"You don't have to carry a union card."

Seemed Like Proof.

"You know old Grandfather Moneybags?"

"Yes, slightly."

"He wants me to marry him."

"First I had heard he was in his dotage."

COURTS TAFT'S CHIEF ISSUE

Would Eliminate Delay and Expense For Poor Man.

WILL TALK ON THAT TOPIC

More Important, He Says, That Justice Should Be Prompt Than That It Should Always Be Exact—Democrats Claim Independence Party Is to Be Boosted By Republicans In the South to Cut Down Bryan's Vote—Draft of Nebraskan's Speech of Acceptance Has Been Finished.

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 3.—Mr. Taft told what he regards as the most important question before the country.

"Speaking generally," said he, "the improvement of the administration of justice, civilly and criminally, in the matter of its prompt despatch, and the cheapening of its use for the poor man, is the most important question before the American people."

Mr. Taft is going to speak on this subject of the law's delay at a meeting of the Virginia Bar association here on Aug. 6. Mr. Taft believes that it is more important that justice should be prompt than that it should always be exact, and he will have some suggestions to make in his speech as to how some of the delays that now encumber the administration of justice may be avoided.

Speaking of his speech, he said that the great difficulty in the administration of justice is to make it equal for the rich man and the poor man alike. The trouble, as he sees it, is that the rich man is able to employ better counsel and stand the expense of extended litigation. Mr. Taft could not suggest any way in which this inequality might be overcome, but greater promptness, in his opinion, would help.

Wyndham Meredith, of Richmond, president of the Virginia Bar association, saw Mr. Taft and made the final arrangements for his speech on next Thursday. Henry Clay McDowell, a United States district judge, will deliver an address on the same day with Mr. Taft.

The session of the bar association begins on Aug. 4. A good many members have already arrived. All of the Republican and many of the Democratic lawyers who are here have urged Mr. Taft to make a strong fight in the south this year. They say that the Republicans have a better chance this time of breaking into the solid south than they have had in the last quarter of a century.

HEARST PARTY A TAFT ANNEX

Will Be Boosted by Republicans in the South.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 3.—William J. Bryan finished the preliminary draft of the speech that he is to deliver Aug. 12, accepting the nomination for the presidency, and then had immediately to take up a new task—that of discovering the intricacies of a Republican scheme that has developed in the southern states. This scheme has to do with Republican encouragement to the Populist and Independence parties in Georgia and North Carolina.

This is due to the fact that Georgia has two national candidates on other than Democratic tickets. One is Thomas E. Watson, the usual Populist candidate for president, who has a considerable personal following, and the other is John Temple Graves, candidate for vice president on the Independence party ticket. Graves is now a resident of New York, but for purposes of the campaign was nominated as from Georgia, where he a few years ago made a furious fight for the gubernatorial nomination on the Democratic ticket. When he failed to win he first showed his shaken Democratic faith by proposing a Roosevelt and Bryan ticket, and later went into the Hearst party.

It is believed by the Democrats here that Hitchcock does not expect to get any material increase in the Republican vote, but that he does intend to render aid to Graves as the Independence League candidate for vice president or to Watson as the Populist candidate for president, with a view to reducing Bryan's vote there to the lowest point.

Sweet.

I love to sing; I love to play;
I love a breezy summer's day;
Of all the things I love to do
(I've tried it just a time or two)
I love to have my own sweet way.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

Tuesday, July 28.

The puddle mill of the Harrisburg (Pa.) rolling mill resumed work after several weeks' suspension, and the finishing mill will be started later.

Misses Julia and Mary Close, sisters, of Lancaster, Pa., were injured in an automobile accident near Pleasantville, N. J., when a car in which they were riding struck a telegraph pole.

The trial of Frank Zastera, indicted for the murder of William B. Sheppard and his wife, Josephine B. Sheppard, and their servant, Jennie Bendy, at Marlboro, N. J., May 16 last, was postponed by Judge Voorhees at Freehold, N. J., until Sept. 21.

Wednesday, July 29.

Luther R. Keefer, aged seventy-four years, ex-senator from Schuylkill county, Pa., died at Reading, from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy.

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Butcher, of Philadelphia, died suddenly while in a rolling chair on the boardwalk at Atlantic City, N. J., as a result of an attack of heart failure.

Henry W. Gazell, wanted for the alleged embezzlement of $32,000 of the funds of the defunct Farmers' & Merchants' bank, drove to police headquarters at Cleveland, O., in an auto and gave himself up.

Thursday, July 30.

Charles H. Moyer was re-elected president of the Western Federation of Miners by the convention in Denver.

Thomas W. Symons, Corps of Engineers, was placed on the retired list of the army on his application, after more than thirty-seven years' service.

Mrs. Frank Pingham, wife of a homesteader near Bonesteel, S. D., cut the throats of her two boys, aged fourteen years and six months, and then committed suicide by cutting her own throat.

Attacked with heart disease just after he had emerged from the surf at Ocean City, N. J., William H. Wade, a contractor, of Richmond Hill, L. I., dropped dead on the sand in view of hundreds of boardwalk promenaders.

Friday, July 31.

The body of Rev. H. F. Fisher, of Norristown, Pa., who died recently abroad, arrived in New York on the steamer Teutonic and was taken to his Pennsylvania home.

James H. Budd, former governor of California and long prominent in Democratic politics, died at Stockton, Cal., after an illness of a fortnight, of uraemia, aged fifty-eight years.

While seated with her family at dinner at Toledo, O., Mrs. Luella Stickroth, wife of Conrad Strickroth, was overcome by the heat and died before medical attendance could be summoned.

Mrs. Estella M. H. Merrill, formerly widely known as a newspaper writer under the name "Jean Kincaid," and prominent also as a club woman, died at her home in North Cambridge, Mass.

Saturday, August 1.

Mrs. Thomas O'Donnell, of Woodbury, N. J., who was horribly burned by the explosion of a gasoline stove, died of her injuries.

After suffering for nineteen years from elephantiasis, Mrs. Anna E. Lynch, who weighed 510 pounds, died at her home on the State road, near McKeesport, Pa.

Leonard Hendricks, thirty-one years old, of Cranston, R. I., in the absence of his wife, killed himself and his two little daughters, Ann, aged five years, and Lillie, aged three years, by means of illuminating gas.

Monday, August 3.

Ten policemen with rapid-fire revolvers are killing stray dogs at Chicago.

A mob at Terry, S. D., a mining camp, almost whipped to death George Corey, who had beaten his wife while on the street.

President Bird S. Coler, of the borough of Brooklyn, will be a candidate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination in New York.

Caught by a mine motor in the Laws shaft, at Moosic, Pa., John Golden, a fifteen-year-old door boy, was nearly cut in two and died soon after reaching the Taylor hospital.

At the Bethlehem (Pa.) Steel works last week the semi-monthly pay rool was $175,000 or $2000 more than the last pay day, and the largest since last fall.

Governor Fort Has Broken Rib.

When Governor Franklin Fort, of New Jersey, was thrown from his horse two weeks while he was at the military encampment at Sea Girt it was not known that he had sustained any more serious injury than slight bruises. A few days ago he felt a soreness under his left arm, and upon examination it was found that a rib had been broken. W. G. Schauffler, surgeon of the Second troop, is attending the governor.

Prisoner Tries Suicide In Cell.

John Clifford, a prisoner at the county workhouse at Wilmington, Del., awaiting trial on a charge of breach of the peace, made a desperate attempt to end his life. With an eightpenny nail and a piece of glass about an inch square he made vicious jabs at his throat, cutting jagged wounds on each side, which, however, were not deep enough to result fatally.

NINETEEN STEEL CARS DEMOLISHED

Costly Freight Wreck on the Reading at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Aug. 3.—What is declared to be the greatest freight wreck involving the destruction of steel cars occurred on the New York division of the Philadelphia & Reading railway near Medowbrook, a suburb, when out of a coal train of twenty-eight cars nineteen were demolished, entailing a loss estimated at $100,000. The train, which was running at the rate of fifty miles an hour, was thrown from the track by the breaking of a flange on the one wooden car in the entire train. This car left the rails, dragging the others along. All were piled up and bent and twisted out of shape and the tracks were torn up for a distance of 400 feet.

So extensive was the damage wrought that service was tied up for ten hours, and a temporary telegraph station was established by the railroad company at the scene, together with a commissary tent from which a small army of men who were put at work on the tracks were provided with food.

Baltimore Sees Signs of Prosperity.

Baltimore, Aug. 3.—The cotton duck mills at Woodberry are rushed with orders and the plant is in full operation day and night. The order book of the company is now well filled and new bookings are made almost daily. There are about 350 names on the payrolls. The output is about 20 per cent larger than it was at this time a year ago. Another evidence of returning prosperity was furnished by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company, which placed an order for 14,500 tons of steel rails. The Maryland Steel company and the United States Steel corporation will roll but 1200 tons of the material which goes to the Bethlehem Stee company.

Mother Offers Blood to Save Child.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 3—Mrs. Thomas Earle, of this city, will next week go to the Medico-Chirurgical hospital, in Philadelphia, where she will risk her life by submitting to transfusion of her blood into the veins of her twelve-year-old daughter, Josephine Earle, as the last resort in a two-years' effort to save the child's life. The child has been under the constant care of physicians. Her disease is white corpuscles in the blood, and she is now at the point of death. Her mother willingly submits to the operation of fusing her blood with that of her daughter.

Fatally Shot While Beating Wife.

Canonsburg, Pa., Aug. 3. — While whipping his wife during a domestic quarrel Frank Talmer was shot through the abdomen by Mrs. Talmer. He was taken to a hospital, probably fatally injured, while the woman is at her home in an unconscious condition from her injuries.

Child Ate Belladonna Tablets; Dead.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 3. — A little daughter of Professor Robert C. H. Heck, of Lehigh university, who is visiting his parents at Heckton Mills, near here, found a box of belladonna tablets and ate several of them before being discovered. The child died in a short time.

Two Drowned Near Scranton.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 3. — While in swimming in Gravel pond, near here, William Steiner, eighteen years old, was seized with cramps and drowned. The body was recovered.

Ralph Hall, aged four years, fell from a rowboat on Newton lake, near here, and was drowned. The body was recovered after several hours' search.

30,000 Harvest Hands Needed.

The Manitoba government has announced that 30,000 men are needed to harvest the wheat crop in western Canada, and has recommended to the governors of jails that all men now in prison for vagrancy and other minor offenses be released early next month on the condition that they work in the harvest fields.

Mitchell In New Position.

Secretary Ralph M. Easley, of the National Civic Federation in New York, announced that John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, would devote his entire time to the interests of the trade agreement department of the Federation.

Cleveland's Estate Worth $250,000.

It became known at Princeton, N. J., that the personal and real property of the late Grover Cleveland amounts to $250,000. Nothing in the will filed a short time ago indicated the value of the estate, and no public announcement of its extent has been made.

We owe a great deal to ourselves, but some things are mighty hard to collect.

Independence Party Names Ticket.

The newly-formed Independence party at its national convention in Chicago nominated Thomas L. Hisgen, of Massachusetts, as its candidate for president of the United States, and John Temple Graves, of Georgia, for vice president.

The tentative draft of the platform is as follows:

Direct nominations by the people, the initiative and referendum and the right of recall.

Over-capitalization of industrial enterprises is denounced.

The arbitrary use of the writ of injunction in contempt proceedings are condemned as a violation of the right of trial by jury. It is declared that no injunction should issue until after a trial upon the merits, and that such trial should be had before a jury, and that no person should be deprived of liberty in contempt proceedings without a trial by jury.

The enactment of a law prohibiting the black-listing of employes is favored, as is the passing on an employers' liability law.

Child labor is denounced and prohibition asked.

A demand is made for a gradual duction of tariff duties, with just consideration for the rights of the public and established industries.

All combinations for the restraint of trade and establishment of monopoly are denounced.

The government ownership of all public utilities, including railroads and telegraphs, is urged.

Other important planks declare for a larger navy, endorse the inland deep waterways project, advocate the popular election of senators by the people, and favor a graduated income tax.

Value of Thorough Road Work.

Though it rains there nine months in the year, British Guiana's roads have been so well built that a muddy one seldom if ever is found.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

The Latest Closing Prices In the Principal Markets.

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR quiet; winter extras, new, $3.40@3.55; Penna. roller, clear, $3.65@3.75; city mills, fancy, $5.75@5.90. RYE FLOUR quiet; per bbl., $4.40@4.50. WHEAT steady; No. 2 red, western, 94½@95c. CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 85 @ 85½c. OATS firm; No. 2 white, clipped, 67@67½c.; lower grades, 65c. HAY quiet; timothy, large bales, $15. PORK firm; family, per bbl., $18.50. BEEF steady; beef hams, per bbl., $27@28. POULTRY: Live firm; hens, 13½@14c.; old roosters, 10c. Dressed steady; chicken fowls, 14½c.; old roosters, 10c. BUTTER steady; extra creamery, 26½c. EGGS firm; selected, 24@26c.; nearby, 21c.; western, 21c. POTATOES firm; new, per bbl., $2@2.50.

BALTIMORE—WHEAT easier; No. 2 spot, 92⅝@97¾c.; steamer No. 2 spot, 92@92¼c.; southern, 91½@95½c. CORN firm; mixed spot, 79½c. OATS firm; white, No. 2, 64@64½c.; No. 3, 63@63½c.; No. 4, 60@62c.; mixed, No. 2, 61@62c.; No. 3, 60½@61c. BUTTER steady; creamery separator extras, 24c.; held, 19@20c.; prints, 25@26c.; Maryland and Penna. prints, 16@17c. EGGS steady; fancy Maryland, Penna., Virginia and West Virginia, 18c.; southern, 17c. per dozen.

Live Stock Markets.

PITTSBURG (Union Stock Yards)—CATTLE steady; choice, $6.30@6.50; prime, $6@6.30. SHEEP strong on best grades, slow on others; prime wethers, $4.65@4.75; culls and common, $2@3. lambs, $4@6.25; veal calves, $7@7.50. HOGS steady; prime heavies, mediums and heavy Yorkers, $7; light Yorkers, $6.50@6.75; pigs, $5@6.10; roughs, $5@6 per hundred weight.

AUGUST

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

McKELVEY & FIELDS.

GENERAL INSURANCE

And Real Estate Agents,

MOUNT UNION, PA.

L. L. PARKER, Local Solicitor, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

"Buy it at L. M. Dell's"

Some Bargains

Canned Corn
Canned Peas
Canned Tomatoes

BEST GOODS

Three Cans for Twenty-five Cents

Cut Prices on Shoes.

You can get a big bargain at our Shoe Counter.

A LOT OF WOOL HATS, Straw Hats and Suspenders, regardless of cost.

Cut Rates on Cigars and Tobaccos

Beautify your walls with some of the fine pictures we are offering at less than half value.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

L. M. DELL

MAPLETON DEPOT, - PENNA.

Semi-Annual Clearance SALE

Alternations Charged for.

No Reduced Goods Charged.

At this time each year we have a great clean up sale. It is our getting ready for winter sale. To get rid of all odds and ends we get together everything of this season and make a price on it that will make it go, and go quickly. Most everyone knows the class of goods we sell, not the cheap truck but the highest grade in each of the various lines. Our one idea is to get the best made. So anything gotten here is good.

Men's Suits

There are 476 mens suits. Navy Blue and Black Serge. Many Black Thibet. Lots of neat dark Worsteds. At least the half of the lot are Fall Weights.

The most of the whole lot go at one half off, a great many even reduced more.

Our Idea

is to entirely close the whole of this seasons stock. Most of the lot are neat dark mixtures.

All Sizes

from 34 to 50. Also Slims and Stouts.

Shirt Waists For Boys

THE ENTIRE LINE CUT IN HALF

$1.00	Ones	Cut	To	50c.
50c	"	"	"	25c,

Men's Pants

We have reduced our entire line of Men's Pants from 1-2 to 1-3 off.

We Refund the Money for Anything Returned

THIS SALE STARTS Thursday Morning JULY 30TH

We do something in this sale we have never done before: we put our entire line of 50 cent shirts at 39 cents. This takes in the entire line, dress shirts, work shirts and all. With them we will add all the odds and ends of our $1.00 and $1.50 line. All sizes from 12 to 18, and lots of them. This part of the sale last for one week only.

Young Men's Long Pants Suits

We have taken one lot (137) suits and made the price $5.00. They were $10, 12, 15 and $18.

All Black Thibet and Blue Serge with a few light colors. Sizes from 31 to 34 breast measure, and the price for any of them will be

$5.00

We will also have another lot of 236 suits, sizes 31 to 34 that we have cut in

ONE-HALF

$18.00	Suits	Cut	To	$9.00
15.00	"	"	"	7.50
12.00	"	"	"	6.00

All our $1.50 and 1.00 line of boys knee pants at

50 cents

There are 1126 of them, ages 3 to 16.

The 50c line reduced to 25c.

The 25c line reduced to 15c.

The whole line of Boy's Short Pants Suits will go at One-half. There are 378 of them.

$8.00	ones	now	$4.00	$6.00	ones	now	$3.00	$4.00 ones now $2.00
7.50	"	"	3.75	5.00	"	"	2.00	2.50 " " 1.25

All Alterations charged for. Positively no reduced goods charged.

J. G. Isenberg & Son,

416 Penn Street Huntingdon, Pa.